

2010 FEDERATION CLASSROOM TEST THREE

Please answer each question true or false

- 1._____ A batter can be called out for using an illegal bat only after at least one pitch has been delivered.
- 2._____ Either team may appeal batting out of order after the batter has completed his time at bat.
- 3._____ A batter shall be called out if his bat makes contact with the pitch and one foot is on the ground completely outside the batter's box.
- 4._____ PLAY: With a 2-2 count on an improper batter, the runner takes off for second as the pitch is delivered. He arrives at second without a throw. The pitch to the batter is ball three. The next pitch is ball four. At this time, the defensive team appeals that the batter batted out of order. The umpires agree. RULING: The correct batter is called out and the runner is allowed to remain at second.
- 5._____ If the bat breaks and interferes with a fielder making a play, no interference shall be called on the batter.
- 6._____ The batter may leave the batter's box if the pitcher feints a throw to any base.
- 7._____ PLAY: With one out and a runner on third attempting to steal home, the batter interferes with the catcher who cannot make a play on the runner. RULING: The batter is out and the runner is returned to third.
- 8._____ A batter is out when he enters the game as an illegal substitute and is discovered.
- 9._____ A batter can be called out for intentionally deflecting a foul ball which has a chance to become fair.
- 10._____ PLAY: With a runners at second and third, the third base coach clearly interferes with the third baseman trying to catch a foul ball. RULING: The runner closest to home plate shall be called out.
- 11._____ The award for catcher's obstruction on the batter is to award the batter and all runners forced, or otherwise, one base.
- 12._____ A batter charged with a third strike may not become a base runner.
- 13._____ A runner is out anytime he runs more than three feet away from a direct line between the bases.
- 14._____ On an uncaught foul ball, it is not necessary for a returning runner to touch intervening bases.
- 15._____ The defense may appeal a missed base only if the ball is live.
- 16._____ Runners may advance during a live ball appeal.

- 17._____ A dead ball appeal may be made with or without the ball.
- 18._____ PLAY: With the runner from first going on the pitch, the batter hits a drive in the gap in right centerfield. The runner rounds second, and seeing the shortstop in his way, lowers his shoulder on the fielder knocking him down. RULING: Since malicious contact supersedes obstruction, the runner is called out and ejected.
- 19._____ If a batter interferes with the catcher's attempt to field the ball after a third strike, the batter can be called out only if the interference is intentional.
- 20._____ PLAY: There is only one umpire for the start of a varsity game. At the pregame meeting, the visiting coach tells the umpire he is refusing to play unless two umpires are present. RULING: By rule, two umpires are not required to umpire a game.
- 21._____ If available, umpires may use videotape to determine the participants in a fight.
- 22._____ Only the umpire-in-chief may make decisions on points not covered by rule.
- 23._____ The umpire-in-chief has the authority to prohibit a player, who has been rendered unconscious, to resume playing without written authorization from a physician.
- 24._____ If lights are to be turned on during a game, they must only be turned on at the beginning of an inning.
- 25._____ Beginning with the 2010 season, CIF-SS umpires at all levels are required to wear charcoal gray pants.